Pt. 286

civil monetary penalty assessed or enforced by the Service by the cost-of-living adjustment as that term is defined by the Federal Civil Penalties Inflation Adjustment Act of 1990, Pub. L. 101–410. Any increase so determined was rounded to the nearest—

- (i) Multiples of \$10 in the case of penalties less than or equal to \$100;
- (ii) Multiples of \$100 in the case of penalties greater than \$100 but less than or equal to \$1,000;
- (iii) Multiples of \$1,000 in the case of penalties greater than \$1,000 but less than or equal to \$10,000;
- (iv) Multiples of \$5,000 in the case of penalties greater than \$10,000 but less than or equal to \$100,000;
- (v) Multiples of \$10,000 in the case of penalties greater than \$100,000 but less than or equal to \$200,000; and
- (vi) Multiples of \$25,000 in the case of penalties greater than \$200,000.
- (2) Notwithstanding the provisions of paragraph (b)(1) of this section, the initial adjustment for each penalty is capped at 10%.
- (c) Adjustment to penalties. The civil monetary penalties provided by law within the jurisdiction of the Service, as set forth in this paragraph (c)(1) through (9), are adjusted in accordance with the inflation adjustment procedures prescribed in section 5 of the Federal Civil Monetary Penalties Inflation Adjustment Act of 1990, Pub. L. 101-410, effective on or after the September 29, 1999 as follows:
- (1) Section 231(d) of the Act, Lists of Aliens and Citizen Passengers Arriving or Departing; Record of Resident Aliens and Citizens Leaving Permanently for Foreign Country: from \$300 to \$330.
- (2) Section 234 of the Act, Designation of Ports of Entry for Aliens Arriving by Civil Aircraft: from \$2,000 to \$2,200.
- (3) Section 251(d) of the Act, List of Alien Crewmen; Reports of Illegal Landings: from \$200 to \$220 for each alien not reported in accordance with \$251; and from \$5,000 to \$5,500 for use of alien crewman for longshore work in violation of section 251(d).
- (4) Section 254(a) of the Act, Control of Alien Crewman: from \$500 minimum/\$3,000 maximum to \$550 minimum/\$3,300 maximum.

- (5) Section 255 of the Act, Employment on Passenger Vessels of Aliens Afflicted with Certain Disabilities: from \$1,000 to \$1,100.
- (6) Section 256 of the Act, Discharge of Alien Crewman: from \$1,500 minimum/\$3,000 maximum to \$1,500 minimum/\$3,300 maximum.
- (7) Section 257 of the Act, Bringing Alien Crewmen Into United States with Intent to Evade Immigration Laws: from a \$10,000 maximum to a \$11,000 maximum.
- (8) Section 271(a) of the Act, Prevention of Unauthorized Landing of Aliens: from \$3,000 to \$3,300.
- (9) Section 272(a) of the Act, Bringing in Aliens Subject to Exclusion on a Health-Related Ground: from \$3,000 to \$3.300.
- (10) Section 273(b) of the Act, Unlawful Bringing of Aliens Into United States: from \$3,000 to \$3,300.
- (d) Identification of sections requiring no adjustment to penalties. The civil monetary penalties provided by law within the jurisdiction of the Service, as set forth below in paragraphs (d)(1) through (7) of this section require no adjustment:
- (1) Section 240B(d) of the Act, Voluntary Departure.
- (2) Section 243(c)(1)(A) and (B) of the Act, Penalties Related to Removal.
- (3) Section 274C(a)(5) and (a)(6) of the Act, Penalties for Document Fraud.
- (4) Section 274D of the Act, Penalties for Failure to Depart.
- (5) Section 275(b) of the Act, Entry of Alien at Improper Time or Place.

[64 FR 47102, Aug. 30, 1999]

PART 286—IMMIGRATION USER FEE

Sec

286.1 Definitions.

286.2 Fee for arrival of passengers aboard commercial aircraft or commercial vessels.

286.3 Exceptions.

286.4 Fee collection responsibility.

286.5 Remittance and statement procedures.

286.6 Maintenance of records.

286.7 Penalties.

286.8 Establishment of pilot programs for the charging of a land border fee for inspection services.

286.9 Fee for processing applications and issuing documentation at land border Ports-of-Entry.

AUTHORITY: 8 U.S.C. 1103, 1356; 8 CFR part

SOURCE: 53 FR 5757, Feb. 26, 1988, unless otherwise noted.

§ 286.1 Definitions.

The following definitions apply to the following terms in this part:

- (a) The term adjacent islands means Anguilla, Antigua, Aruba, Bahamas, Barbados, Barbuda, Bermuda, Bonaire, British Virgin Islands, Cayman Islands, Cuba, Curacao, Dominica, the Dominican Republic, Grenada, Guadeloupe, Haiti, Jamaica, Marie-Galante, Martinique, Miquelon, Montserrat, Saba. Saint Barthélemy, Saint Christopher, Saint Eustatius, Saint Kitts-Nevis, Saint Lucia, Saint Maarten, Saint Martin, Saint Pierre, Saint Vincent and Grenadines, Trinidad and Tobago, Turks and Caicos Islands, and other British, French and Netherlands territory or possessions bordering on the Caribbean Sea.
- (b) The term *collector* means an air or sea carrier, travel agent, tour whole-saler, or other entity which collects, but may or may not be required to remit, fees pursuant to this part.
- (c) The term *commercial aircraft* means any civilian aircraft being used to transport persons or property for compensation or hire.
- (d) The term *commercial vessel* means any civilian vessel being used to transport persons or property for compensation or hire.
- (e) The term Assistant Commissioner, Office of Financial Management means the Office of the Assistant Commissioner, Financial Management, Immigration and Naturalization Service, Room 6307, 425 I Street NW., Washington, DC 20536.
- (f) The term *fee* means the immigration user fee.
- (g) The term *port of entry* means a port or place designated by the Commissioner at which a person may apply for admission into the United States.
- (h) The term *remitter* means an air or sea carrier, travel agent, tour whole-saler, or other entity which collects, including receipt of fees collected by collectors which are not required to remit fees, and remits fees pursuant to this part.

- (i) The term territories or possessions of the United States means American Samoa, Baker Island, Howland Island, Jarvis Island, Johnston Atoll, Kingman Reef, Midway, the Northern Mariana Islands, Swains Island, Palmyra Island, and Wake Island.
- (j) The term *document for transportation* means any document accepted by a carrier in return for transportation.
- (k) The term *United States*, when used in a geographical sense, means the continental United States, Alaska, Hawaii, Puerto Rico, Guam, and the Virgin Islands of the United States.

[53 FR 5757, Feb. 26, 1988, as amended at 59 FR 49349, Sept. 28, 1994; 63 FR 51272, Sept. 25, 1998]

§ 286.2 Fee for arrival of passengers aboard commercial aircraft or commercial vessels.

- (a) A fee, in the amount prescribed in section 286(d) of the Act, per individual is charged and collected by the Commissioner for the immigration inspection of each passenger aboard a commercial aircraft or commercial vessel, arriving at a port-of-entry in the United States, or for the preinspection of a passenger in a place outside the United States prior to such arrival, except as provided in §286.3.
- (b) Each commercial aircraft and vessel carrier or ticket-selling agent whose monthly collections in any month exceed \$50,000 shall submit a summary statement showing the amount of user fees collected that month. The summary statement is due on the last business day of the following month. This information shall be forwarded to the Immigration and Naturalization Service, Chief, Analysis and Formulation Branch, 425 I Street, NW., Room 6307, Washington, DC 20536. For the months of December, March, June, and August, the quarterly remittance and statement required by §286.5 will serve as the monthly report for those months. Therefore, a monthly report is required for all other months in which monthly collections exceed \$50,000.

[59 FR 49348, Sept. 28, 1994, as amended at 63 FR 51272, Sept. 25, 1998; 67 FR 15334, Apr. 1, 2002]

§ 286.3

§ 286.3 Exceptions.

The fee set forth in §286.2 of this part shall not be charged or collected from passengers who fall within any one of the following categories:

- (a) Persons, other than aircraft passengers, whose travel originated in Canada, Mexico, the adjacent islands, and territories or possessions of the United States:
- (b) Persons directly connected with the operation, navigation, or business of the commercial aircraft or commercial vessel including working crew, deadheading crew, U.S. Federal Aviation Administration inspectors, sky marshals, and commercial airline or commercial vessel employees on official business;
- (c) Persons who are listed as foreign diplomats on the accreditation list maintained by the U.S. Department of State or who are in possession of a diplomatic visa (A-1 and 2, G-1 thru 4) valid for entry into the United States;
- (d) Persons who are passengers on any commercial aircraft or commercial vessel owned or operated exclusively by the Government of the United States or a foreign government, including any agency or political subdivision thereof, so long as that aircraft or vessel is not transporting any persons or property for commercial purposes.
- (e) Persons who are passengers on commercial aircraft or commercial vessels under contract to the U.S. Department of Defense, if they have been preinspected outside of the United States under a joint Service and U.S. Department of Defense military inspection program;
- (f) Persons arriving on an aircraft or vessel due to an emergency or forced landing when the original destination of the aircraft or vessel was not the United States; and
- (g) Persons transiting the United States who are not inspected by the Service. Transit without visa passengers who are inspected by the Service are not excepted from payment of the fee under this section.

[53 FR 5757, Feb. 26, 1988, as amended at 59 FR 49348, Sept. 28, 1994]

§ 286.4 Fee collection responsibility.

- (a) It is the responsibility of the air or sea carriers, travel agents, tour wholesalers, or other parties, which issue tickets or documents for transportation on or after December 1, 1986, to collect the fee set forth in §286.2 of this part from all passengers transported to the United States who are not excepted under §286.3 of this part.
- (b) Tickets and documents for transportation shall be marked by the collector of the fee to indicate that the required fee has been collected. Such markings shall be in accordance with the procedures set forth in the ARC Industry Agents Handbook, the SATO Ticketing Handbook, or compatible procedures set forth in the operations manual of individual collectors.
- (c) It is the responsibility of the carrier transporting a passenger from the United States to collect the fee upon departure, if the passenger was not excepted under §286.3 of this part and tickets or documents for transportation of the passenger do not reflect collection of the fee at the time of issuance. If at the time of departure such a passenger refuses to pay the fee, the carrier shall record the full name, complete address, nationality, passport number, and alien file number, if any, of the passenger and immediately notify the Associate Commissioner, Finance.

[53 FR 5757, Feb. 26, 1988, as amended at 59 FR 49349, Sept. 28, 1994]

§ 286.5 Remittance and statement procedures.

- (a) The air or sea carrier whose ticket stock or document for transportation reflects collection of the fee is responsible for remittance of the fee to the Service. The travel agent, tour wholesaler, or other entity, which issues their own non-carrier related ticket or document for transportation to an air or sea passenger who is not excepted from the fee pursuant to §286.3 of this part, is responsible for remittance of the fee to the Service, unless by contract the carrier will remit the fee.
- (b)(1) Fee remittances shall be sent to the Immigration and Naturalization

Service, at a designated Treasury depository, for receipt no later than 31 days after the close of the calendar quarter in which the fees are collected, except the fourth quarter payment for fees collected shall be made on the date that is 10 days before the end of the U.S. Government's fiscal year, and the first quarter payment shall include any collections made in the preceding quarter that were not remitted with the previous payment. The fourth quarter payment shall include collections for the months of July and August. The fiscal year referenced is the U.S. Government's fiscal year which begins on October 1 and ends on September 30.

- (2) Late payments will be subject to interest, penalty, and handling charges as provided in the Debt Collection Act of 1982 (31 U.S.C. 3717). Refunds by a remitter of fees collected in conjunction with unused tickets or documents for transportation shall be netted against the next subsequent remittance.
- (c) Along with the remittance, as set forth in paragraph (b) of this section, each remitter making such remittance shall attach a statement which sets forth the following:
 - (1) Name and address;

ted

ment, INS.

- (2) Taxpayer identification number;
- (3) Calendar quarter covered by the payment:
 - (4) Interest and penalty charges; and (5) Total amount collected and remit-
- (d) Remittances shall be made in U.S. dollars by check or money order through a U.S. bank, to Assistant Commissioner, Office of Financial Manage-
- (e) Annually, each U.S. based remitter, which retains an independent accountant and which remits \$10,000 or more in fees in any one calendar quarter, shall submit to the Assistant Commissioner, Financial Management a report from the independent accountant in accordance with the Statement on Standards for Attestation Engagements on the application of Passenger User Fee Collection and Remittance Procedures established by the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants and the Service, to the Assistant Commissioner, Financial Management. Each foreign-based remitter, which retains an independent accountant and

which remits \$10,000 or more in fees in any one calendar quarter, shall submit a similar report to the Assistant Commissioner, Financial Management from the independent accountant in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles of their respective countries. These reports from the independent accountants are to be submitted for receipt by the Assistant Commissioner, Financial Management no later than ninety (90) days after the close of the fiscal year of each remitter. Each remitter, which does not retain an independent accountant or which does not remit \$10,000 or more in any one calendar quarter, shall certify under oath on each statement submitted pursuant to paragraph (c) of this section that they have complied with the applicable statutes and regulations.

- (f) The Commissioner reserves the right to conduct an independent audit of any collector or remitter not providing the report or certification required pursuant to paragraph (e) of this section or based upon other information indicating non-compliance in order to assure the accuracy of the remittances of fees collected and remitted and compliance with the applicable statutes and regulations.
- (g) In order to enforce compliance with the provisions of this part, the Commissioner may issue a subpoena requiring the production of records, evidence, and witnesses pursuant to the procedures set forth in §287.4 of this chapter. The authority to issue a subpoena pursuant to this section is limited to the Commissioner, Deputy Commissioner, Associate Commissioner for Management, Director for Program Inspection, all Regional Commissioners; and all District Directors.

[53 FR 5757, Feb. 26, 1988, as amended at 55 FR 729, Jan. 9, 1990; 59 FR 49348, 49349, Sept. 28, 1994; 63 FR 51272, Sept. 25, 1998]

§ 286.6 Maintenance of records.

Each collector and remitter shall maintain records necessary for the Service to verify the accuracy of fees collected and remitted and to otherwise determine compliance with the applicable statutes and regulations. Such records shall be maintained for a period of two years from the date of fee

§ 286.7

collection. Each remitter shall advise the Assistant Commissioner, Office of Financial Management of the name, address, and telephone number of a responsible officer who shall have the authority to verify and produce any records required to be maintained under this part. The Assistant Commissioner, Office of Financial Management shall be promptly notified of any changes of the responsible officer.

[53 FR 5757, Feb. 26, 1988, as amended at 59 FR 49349, Sept. 28, 1994; 63 FR 51272, Sept. 25, 1998]

§ 286.7 Penalties.

Failure of any air or sea carrier to comply with the provisions of section 286 of the Act and this part shall subject it to one or more of the following:

- (a) Termination of existing agreements under the provisions of section 238 of the Act; and
- (b) Suspension of enroute inspections or preinspections.

§ 286.8 Establishment of pilot programs for the charging of a land border fee for inspection services.

Under the provisions of section 286(q) of the Act, the Service may establish pilot programs at one or more land border ports-of-entry to charge fees for immigration inspection services to be collected by the Commissioner. Individual ports-of-entry selected by the Commissioner to participate in such pilot programs may charge a fee to enhance inspection services and to recover the cost of:

- (a) Hiring additional immigration inspectors, including all associated personnel costs such as salary, benefits, and overtime:
- (b) Expansion, operation, and maintenance of information systems for nonimmigrant control;
- (c) Construction costs, including those associated with adding new primary traffic lanes (with the concurrence of the General Services Administration):
- (d) Procuring detection devices and conducting training to identify fraudulent documents used by applicants for entry to the United States:
- (e) Other administrative costs associated with the PORTPASS Program; and

(f) Costs associated with the administration of the Land Border Inspection Fee account.

[60 FR 50390, Sept. 29, 1995, as amended at 61 FR 53833, Oct. 16, 1996]

§ 286.9 Fee for processing applications and issuing documentation at land border Ports-of-Entry.

- (a) General. A fee may be charged and collected by the Commissioner for the processing and issuance of specified Service documents at land border Ports-of-Entry. These fees, as specified in §103.7(b)(1) of this chapter, shall be dedicated to funding the cost of providing application-processing services at land border ports.
- (b) Forms for which a fee may be charged. (1) A nonimmigrant alien who is required to be issued, or requests to be issued, Form I-94, Arrival/Departure Record, for admission at a land border Port-of-Entry must remit the required fee for issuance of Form I-94 upon determination of admissibility.
- (2) A nonimmigrant alien applying for admission at a land border Port-of-Entry as a Visa Waiver Pilot Program applicant pursuant to \$217.2(c) or \$217.3(c) of this chapter must remit the required fee for issuance of Form I-94W upon determination of admissibility.
- (3) A Mexican national in possession of a valid Form DSP-150, B-1/B-2 Visa and Border Crossing Card, issued by the DOS, or a passport and combined B-1/B-2 visa and non-biometric BCC (or similar stamp in a passport) issued by the DOS, who is required to be issued Form I-94, Arrival/Departure Record, pursuant to §235.1(f) of this chapter, must remit the required fee for issuance of Form I-94 upon determination of admissibility.
- (4) A citizen or lawful permanent resident alien of the United States, Canadian national, or lawful permanent resident of Canada having a common nationality with Canadians, who requests Form I-68, Canadian Border Boat Landing Permit, pursuant to \$235.1(e) of this chapter, for entry to the United States from Canada as an eligible pleasure boater on a designated body of water, must remit the required

fee at time of application for Form I-

[60 FR 40069, Aug. 7, 1995, as amended at 62 FR 10390, Mar. 6, 1997; 67 FR 71450, Dec. 2, 2002]

PART 287—FIELD OFFICERS; POWERS AND DUTIES

Sec.

287.1 Definitions.

287.2 Disposition of criminal cases.

287.3 Disposition of cases of aliens arrested without warrant.

287.4 Subpoena.

287.5 Exercise of power by immigration officers.

287.6 Proof of official records.

287.7 Detainer provisions under section 287(d)(3) of the Act.

287.8 Standards for enforcement activities. 287.9 Criminal search warrant and firearms policies.

287.10 Expedited internal review process.

287.11 Pre-enrolled Access Lane.

287.12 Scope.

AUTHORITY: 8 U.S.C. 1103, 1182, 1225, 1226, 1251, 1252, 1357; 8 CFR part 2.

§ 287.1 Definitions.

(a)(1) External boundary. The term external boundary, as used in section 287(a)(3) of the Act, means the land boundaries and the territorial sea of the United States extending 12 nautical miles from the baselines of the United States determined in accordance with international law.

(2) Reasonable distance. The term reasonable distance, as used in section 287(a) (3) of the Act, means within 100 air miles from any external boundary of the United States or any shorter distance which may be fixed by the district director, or, so far as the power to board and search aircraft is concerned any distance fixed pursuant to paragraph (b) of this section.

(b) Reasonable distance; fixing by district directors. In fixing distances not exceeding 100 air miles pursuant to paragraph (a) of this section, district directors shall take into consideration topography, confluence of arteries of transportation leading from external boundaries, density of population, possible inconvenience to the traveling public, types of conveyances used, and reliable information as to movements of persons effecting illegal entry into

the United States: Provided, That whenever in the opinion of a district director a distance in his district of more than 100 air miles from any external boundary of the United States would because of unusual circumstances be reasonable, such district director shall forward a complete report with respect to the matter to the Commissioner, who may, if he determines that such action is justified, declare such distance to be reasonable.

- (c) Patrolling the border. The phrase patrolling the border to prevent the illegal entry of aliens into the United States as used in section 287 of the Immigration and Nationality Act means conducting such activities as are customary, or reasonable and necessary, to prevent the illegal entry of aliens into the United States.
- (d) Arrested by federal, state, or local law enforcement official. The term arrested, as used in section 287(d) of the Act (as amended by section 1701 (Subtitle M) of the Anti-Drug Abuse Act of 1986, Pub. L. 99–509), means that an alien has been—
- (1) Physically taken into custody for a criminal violation of the controlled substance laws: and
- (2) Subsequently booked, charged or otherwise officially processed; or
- (3) Provided an initial appearance before a judicial officer where the alien has been informed of the charges and the right to counsel.
- (e) Law enforcement or other official. The phrase law enforcement official (or other official), as used in section 287(d) of the Act, and §242.2(a) of this part means an officer or employee of an agency engaged in the administration of criminal justice pursuant to statute or executive order, including (1) courts; (2) a government agency or component which performs the administration of criminal justice as defined in 28 CFR part 20 including performance of any of the following activities: detection, apprehension, detention, pretrial release, post-trial release, prosecution, adjudication, correctional supervision, or rehabilitation of accused persons or criminal offenders.
- (f) Controlled substance. The term controlled substance, as used in section 287(d)(3) of the Act, shall mean the